

Cargo and luggage

Take notice of the following information about storage precautions, cargo capacity and load.

- 1 Stow cargo and luggage in the luggage compartment whenever possible. Be sure all items are secured in place.
- 1 Be careful to keep the vehicle level. Placing the weight as far forward as possible helps maintain vehicle balance.
- 1 For better fuel economy, do not carry unnecessary weight.

Capacity and distribution

Cargo capacity depends on the total weight of the occupants.

(Cargo capacity) = (Total load capacity) — (Total weight of occupants)

Steps for Determining Correct Load Limit—

- (1) Locate the statement “The combined weight of occupants and cargo should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs.” on your vehicle’s placard.
- (2) Determine the combined weight of the driver and passengers that will be riding in your vehicle.
- (3) Subtract the combined weight of the driver and passengers from XXX kg or XXX lbs.
- (4) The resulting figure equals the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity.

For example, if the “XXX” amount equals 1400 lbs. and there will be five 150 lb passengers in your vehicle, the amount of available cargo and luggage load capacity is 650 lbs. (1400 - 750 (5 × 150) = 650 lbs.)

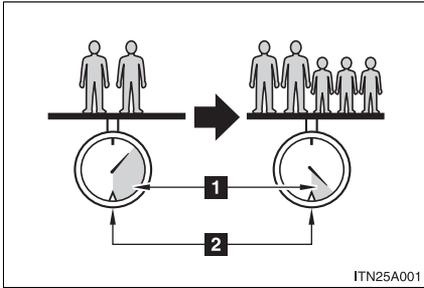
- (5) Determine the combined weight of luggage and cargo being loaded on the vehicle.

That weight may not safely exceed the available cargo and luggage load capacity calculated in Step 4.

- (6) If your vehicle will be towing a trailer, load from your trailer will be transferred to your vehicle. Consult this manual to determine how this reduces the available cargo and luggage load capacity of your vehicle. (→P. 260)

Toyota does not recommend towing a trailer with your vehicle. Your vehicle is not designed for trailer towing.

Example on your vehicle



- 1** Cargo capacity
- 2** Total load capacity

When 2 people with the combined weight of 366 lb. (166 kg) are riding in your vehicle, which has a total load capacity of 816 lb. (370 kg), the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity will be as follows:

$$816 \text{ lb.} - 366 \text{ lb.} = 450 \text{ lb.} \quad (370 \text{ kg} - 166 \text{ kg} = 204 \text{ kg})$$

In this condition, if 3 more passengers with the combined weight of 388 lb. (176 kg) get on, the available cargo and luggage load will be reduced as follows:

$$450 \text{ lb.} - 388 \text{ lb.} = 62 \text{ lb.} \quad (204 \text{ kg} - 176 \text{ kg} = 28 \text{ kg})$$

As shown in the above example, if the number of occupants increases, the cargo and luggage load equaling the combined weight of the occupants who got on later, by an amount. In other words, if an increase in the number of occupants causes an excess of the total load capacity (combined weight of occupants plus cargo and luggage load), you must reduce the cargo and luggage on your vehicle.

 **CAUTION**

n Things that must not be carried in the luggage compartment

The following things may cause a fire if loaded in the luggage compartment.

- I Receptacles containing gasoline
- I Aerosol cans

n Storage precautions

Observe the following precautions.

Failing to do so may result in death or serious injury.

- I Do not place cargo or luggage in or on the following locations as the item may get under the brake or accelerator pedal and prevent the pedals from being depressed properly, block the driver's vision, or hit the driver or passengers, causing an accident.
 - Driver's feet
 - Front passenger or rear seats (when stacking items)
 - Luggage cover (if equipped)
 - Instrument panel
 - Dashboard
 - Auxiliary box or tray that has no lid
- I Secure all items in the occupant compartment, as they may shift and injure someone during an accident or sudden braking.
- I Never allow anyone to ride in the luggage compartment. It is not designed for passengers. They should ride in their seats with their seat belts properly fastened. Otherwise, they are much more likely to suffer death or serious injury, in the event of sudden braking or an accident.

 CAUTION**n Weight of the load**

- I** Do not exceed the maximum axle weight rating or the total vehicle weight rating.
- I** Even if the total load of occupant's weight and the cargo load is less than the total load capacity, do not apply the load unevenly. Improper loading may cause deterioration of steering or braking control which may cause death or serious injury.

2-5. Driving information

Vehicle load limits

Vehicle load limits include total load capacity, seating capacity, towing capacity and cargo capacity.

n Total load capacity: 825 lb. (370 kg)

Total load capacity means the combined weight of occupants, cargo and luggage.

n Seating capacity: 5 occupants (Front 2, Rear 3)

Seating capacity means the maximum number of occupants whose estimated average weight is 150 lb. (68 kg) per person.

Even if the number of occupants are within the seating capacity, do not exceed the total load capacity.

n Towing capacity

Toyota does not recommend towing a trailer with your vehicle.

n Cargo capacity

Cargo capacity may increase or decrease depending on the weight and the number of occupants.

n Total load capacity and seating capacity

These details are also described on the tire and loading information label. (→P. 443)

⚠ CAUTION

n Overloading the vehicle

Do not overload the vehicle.

It may not only cause damage to the tires, but also degrade steering and braking ability, resulting in an accident.

Carry out the necessary preparations and inspections before driving the vehicle in winter. Always drive the vehicle in a manner appropriate to the prevailing weather conditions.

n Pre-winter preparations

- 1 Use fluids that are appropriate to the prevailing outside temperatures.
 - Engine oil
 - Engine/power control unit coolant
 - Washer fluid
- 1 Have a service technician inspect the level and specific gravity of 12 volt battery electrolyte.
- 1 Have the vehicle fitted with four snow tires or purchase a set of tire chains for the front tires.

Ensure that all tires are the same size and brand, and that chains match the size of the tires.

n Before driving the vehicle

Perform the following according to the driving conditions.

- 1 Do not try to forcibly open a window or move a wiper that is frozen. Pour warm water over the frozen area to melt the ice. Wipe away the water immediately to prevent it from freezing.
- 1 To ensure proper operation of the climate control system fan, remove any snow that has accumulated on the air inlet vents in front of the windshield.
- 1 Remove any ice that has accumulated on the vehicle chassis.
- 1 Periodically check for and remove any excess ice or snow that may have accumulated in the wheel well or on the brakes.

n When driving the vehicle

Accelerate the vehicle slowly and drive at a reduced speed suitable to road conditions.

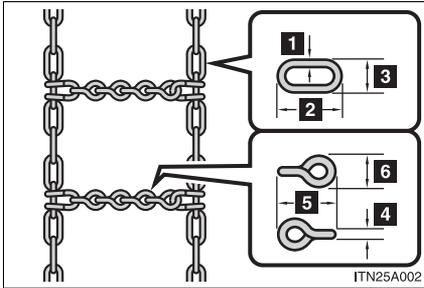
n When parking the vehicle

Park the vehicle and push the “P” position switch without setting the parking brake, and block the wheels. The parking brake may freeze up, preventing it from being released.

Selecting tire chains

► Vehicles with 17-inch tires

Use the correct tire chain size when mounting the tire chains.
Chain size is regulated for each tire size.



Side chain:

- 1** 0.12 in. (3.0 mm)
- 2** 1.18 in. (30.0 mm)
- 3** 0.39 in. (10.0 mm)

Cross chain:

- 4** 0.16 in. (4.0 mm)
- 5** 0.98 in. (25.0 mm)
- 6** 0.55 in. (14.0 mm)

► Vehicles with 15-inch tires

Use the tire chains of correct size and type.

Use SAE Class “S” type radial tire chains except radial cable chains or V-bar type chains.

Regulations on the use of tire chains

- 1 Regulations regarding the use of tire chains vary according to location and type of road. Always check local regulations before installing chains.
- 1 Retighten the chains after driving 1/4 - 1/2 mile (0.5 - 1.0 km).

n Tire chains

Observe the following precautions when installing and removing chains.

- 1 Install and remove tire chains in a safe location.
- 1 Install tire chains on the front tires.
- 1 Install tire chains following the instructions provided in the accompanying manual.

CAUTION

n Driving with snow tires

Observe the following precautions to reduce the risk of accidents.

Failing to do so may result in a loss of vehicle control and cause death or serious injury.

- 1 Use tires of the size specified for your vehicle.
- 1 Maintain the specified level of tire inflation pressure.
- 1 Do not drive in excess of 75 mph (120 km/h), regardless of the type of snow tires being used.
- 1 Snow tires should be installed on all wheels.

 CAUTION**n Driving with tire chains**

Observe the following precautions to reduce the risk of accidents. Failing to do so may result in the vehicle being unable to be driven safely, and may cause death or serious injury.

- I** Do not drive in excess of the speed limit specified for the tire chains being used, or 30 mph (50 km/h), whichever is lower.
- I** Avoid driving on bumpy road surfaces or over potholes.
- I** Avoid sudden turns and braking, as use of chains may adversely affect vehicle handling.
- I** Slow down sufficiently before entering a curve to ensure that vehicle control is maintained.

 NOTICE**n Repairing or replacing snow tires**

Request repairs of and obtain replacement snow tires from Toyota dealers. This is because the removal and attachment of snow tires affects the operation of the tire pressure warning valves and transmitters.

n Fitting tire chains

The tire pressure warning valves and transmitters may not function correctly when tire chains are fitted.

Trailer towing

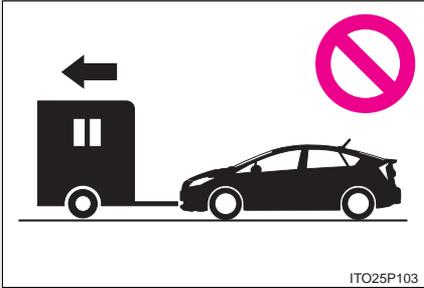
Toyota does not recommend towing a trailer with your vehicle. Toyota also does not recommend the installation of a tow hitch or the use of a tow hitch carrier for a wheelchair, scooter, bicycle, etc. Your Toyota is not designed for trailer towing or for the use of tow hitch mounted carriers.



2-5. Driving information

Dinghy towing

Your vehicle is not designed to be dinghy towed (with 4 wheels on the ground) behind a motor home.



NOTICE

n To avoid serious damage to your vehicle

Do not tow your vehicle with four wheels on the ground.